

Planetary Science & Exploration: DLR Highlights

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Chair – DLR
Oberpfaffenhofen
23 November 2017





Research Center



Space Administration



Project Management



~8.200 Employees

40 Institutes & Facilities

20 Sites across Germany

Aeronautics



Space



Energy



Transport



Security



Digitalization



2017
3.593 Mio. €
(projected Figures)



Senat

33 Members from Academia, Industry and Politics

Executive Board

Space
Administration

1.177 Mio. €



Research &
Development

992 Mio. €

HELMHOLTZ

SPITZENFORSCHUNG FÜR
GROSSE HERAUSFORDERUNGEN

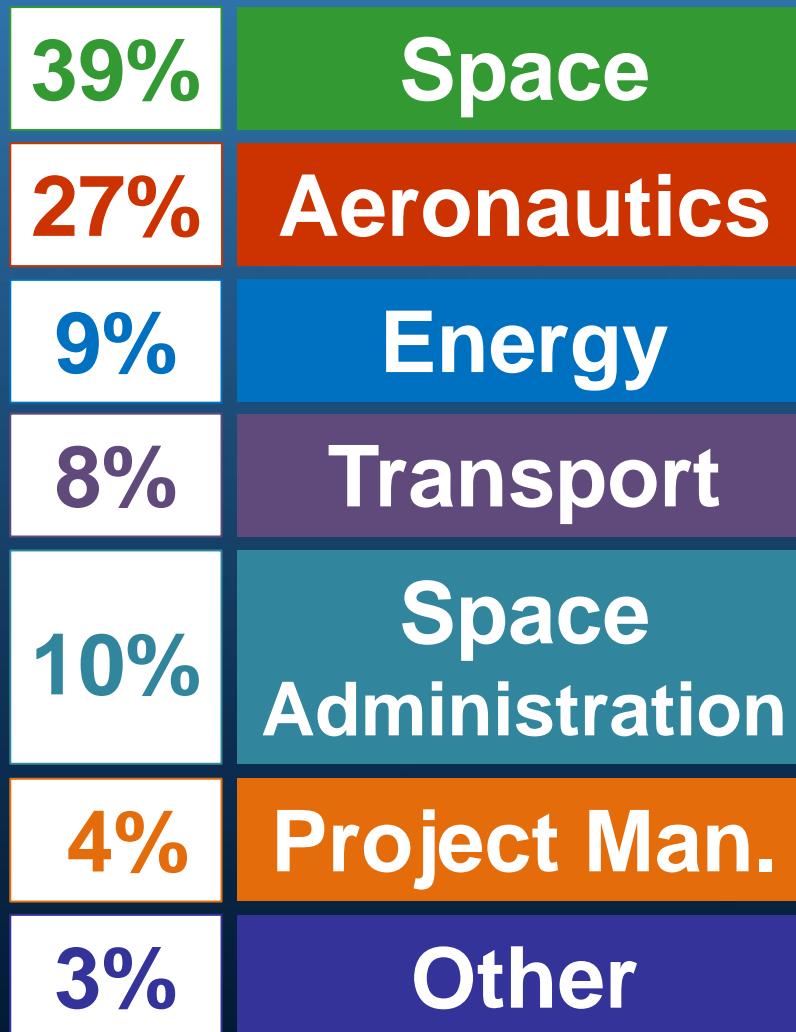
Project
Management

1.424 Mio. €



Total Revenues 2017

(Projected Figures in Mio. €)



Security
55



174 Large-Scale Research Infrastructures in 2016

Including Europe's largest fleet of research aircrafts

Jointly used with 46 research organizations and 62 industry partners

Wind Tunnels



Research Aircrafts



Simulators



Research Vehicles & Platforms



Control Stations



Test Facilities



Medical Infrastructures



Research Power Plants



Compact Test Range



Energy Storage Test Facilities



High-Performance Computers



Sounding Rockets





Airbus A320-232 D-ATRA



Antares DLR-H2



Cessna 208B Grand Caravan



Dassault Falcon 20E - D-CMET



DG 300 Elan-17

Europe's largest fleet of civil research aircrafts

12 Aeroplanes & 2 Helicopters



Discus-2c DLR



Dornier Do 228-101 D-CODE



Dornier Do 228-212



DR 400/200R Remorqueur - D-EDVE



Eurocopter BO 105



HALO Gulfstream G 550



LFU 205 – out of service

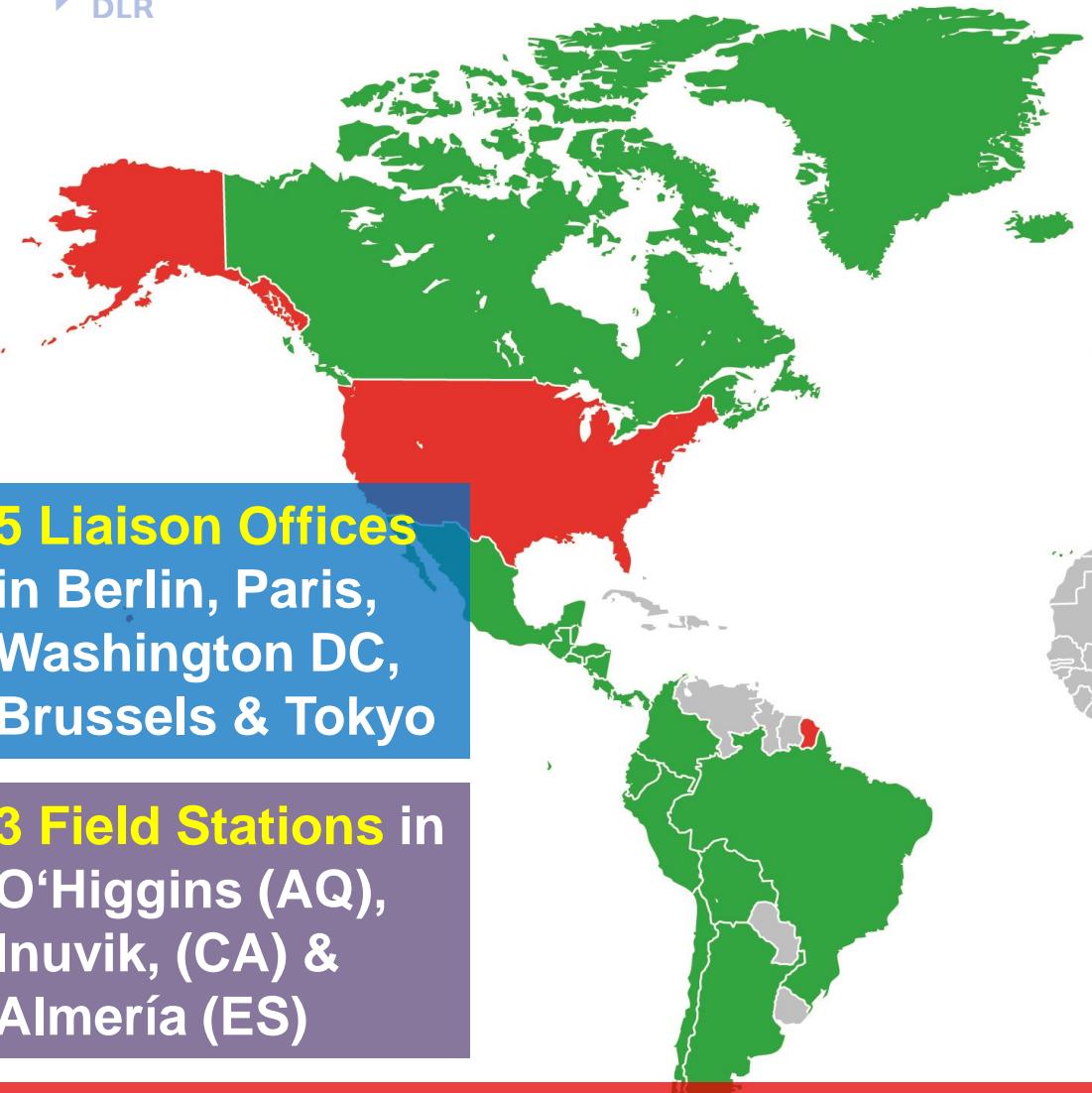


VFW 614 / ATTAS – out of service



Flying Helicopter-Simulator ACT/FHS

International Partners



Top 5
bilateral collaboration countries:
USA, Russia, Japan, France, & The Netherlands

We further cooperate with
over 400 Partner-Organisations in
more than 60 countries

DLR-Strategy 2030

Synergies

Unique Research Center

- Aeronautics, Space, Energy, Transport
- Space Agency
- Project Management Agency

Aeronautics & Space Research

- Largest Research Center in Europe
- System Competence

Energy & Transport Research

- Key Technologies
- Systemic Competence

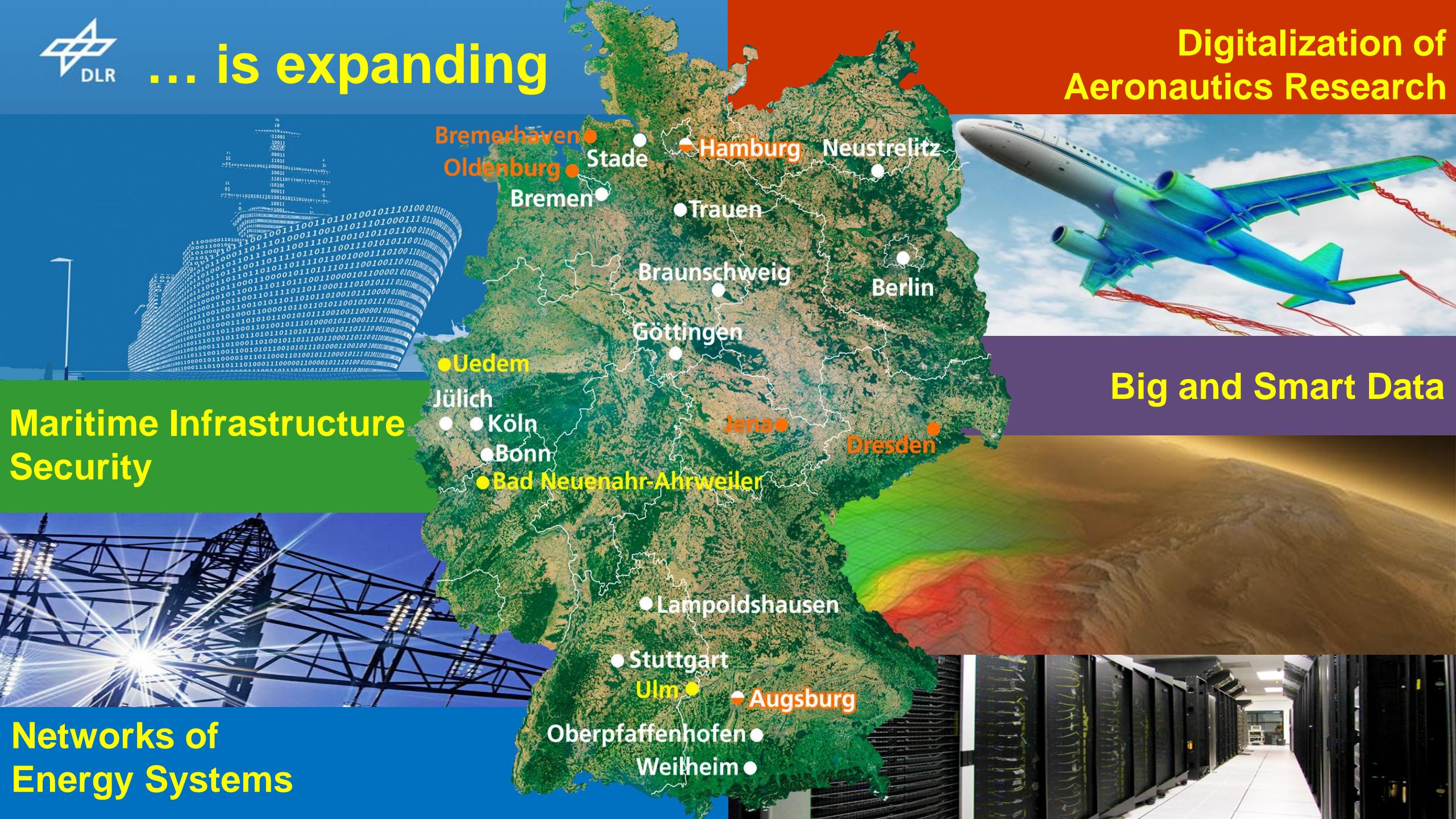
Interdisciplinary Research Security and Digitalization

Digitalization



... is expanding

Digitalization of
Aeronautics Research



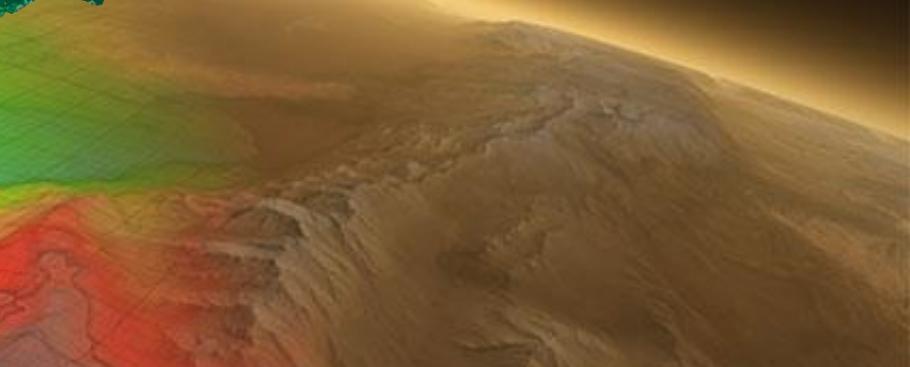
Maritime Infrastructure
Security



Networks of
Energy Systems



Big and Smart Data



DLR's unique position in
the German research
landscape

HELMHOLTZ

RESEARCH FOR GRAND CHALLENGES



Federal Ministry
of Education
and Research

17 Research
Centers



Federal Ministry
for Economic Affairs
and Energy

1 Research
Center



FORSCHUNGSZENTRUM



G F Z
Helmholtz-Zentrum
P O T S D A M



HelmholtzZentrum münchen

Deutsches Forschungszentrum für Gesundheit und Umwelt



Max-Planck-Institut
für Plasmaphysik



Karlsruher Institut für Technologie



DLR

Deutsches Zentrum
für Luft- und Raumfahrt
German Aerospace Center

DLR Space Administration



- Helps implement the German Space Strategy on behalf of the Federal Government (RAÜG)
- Responsible for Germany's space interests in the international context, especially in the ESA context
- Distributes research and development assignments and grants in the National Space and Innovation Program
- Consultation from funding decisions to technology transfer



German Space Industry

Key data of the German space industry

- Employees: ~ 8.400
- Total revenue: ~ 2,4 Bln. €

Industrial structure

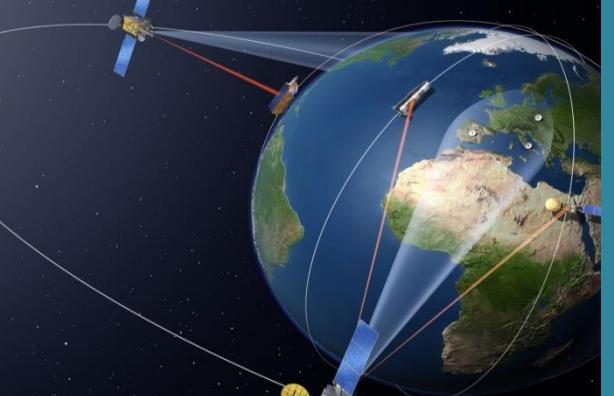
- Two large system providers (Airbus D&S, OHB)
- approx. 80 'pure' Space SMEs
- approx. 200 to 300 companies/small space business

Regional concentrations

- Baden-Württemberg: ~ 2.700 employees
(e.g. Airbus D&S, Tesat, Thales, SpaceTech, vH&S, ND SatCom, numerous SMEs)
- Bavaria: ~ 1.700 employees
(e.g. Airbus DS, MT Aerospace, OHB, numerous SMEs)
- Bremen: ~ 1.500 employees
(e.g. Airbus D&S, OHB, SMEs)



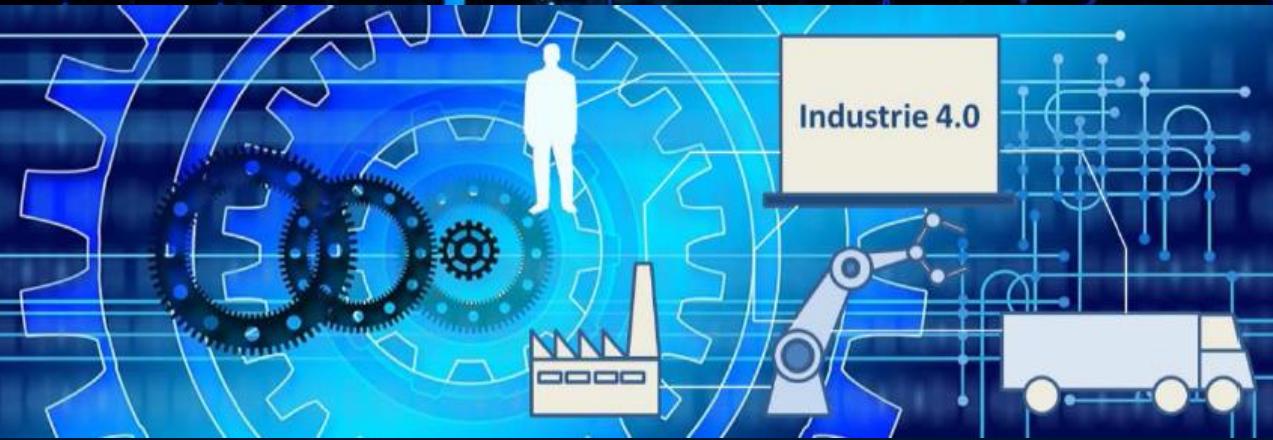
... envisages the Future role of Space



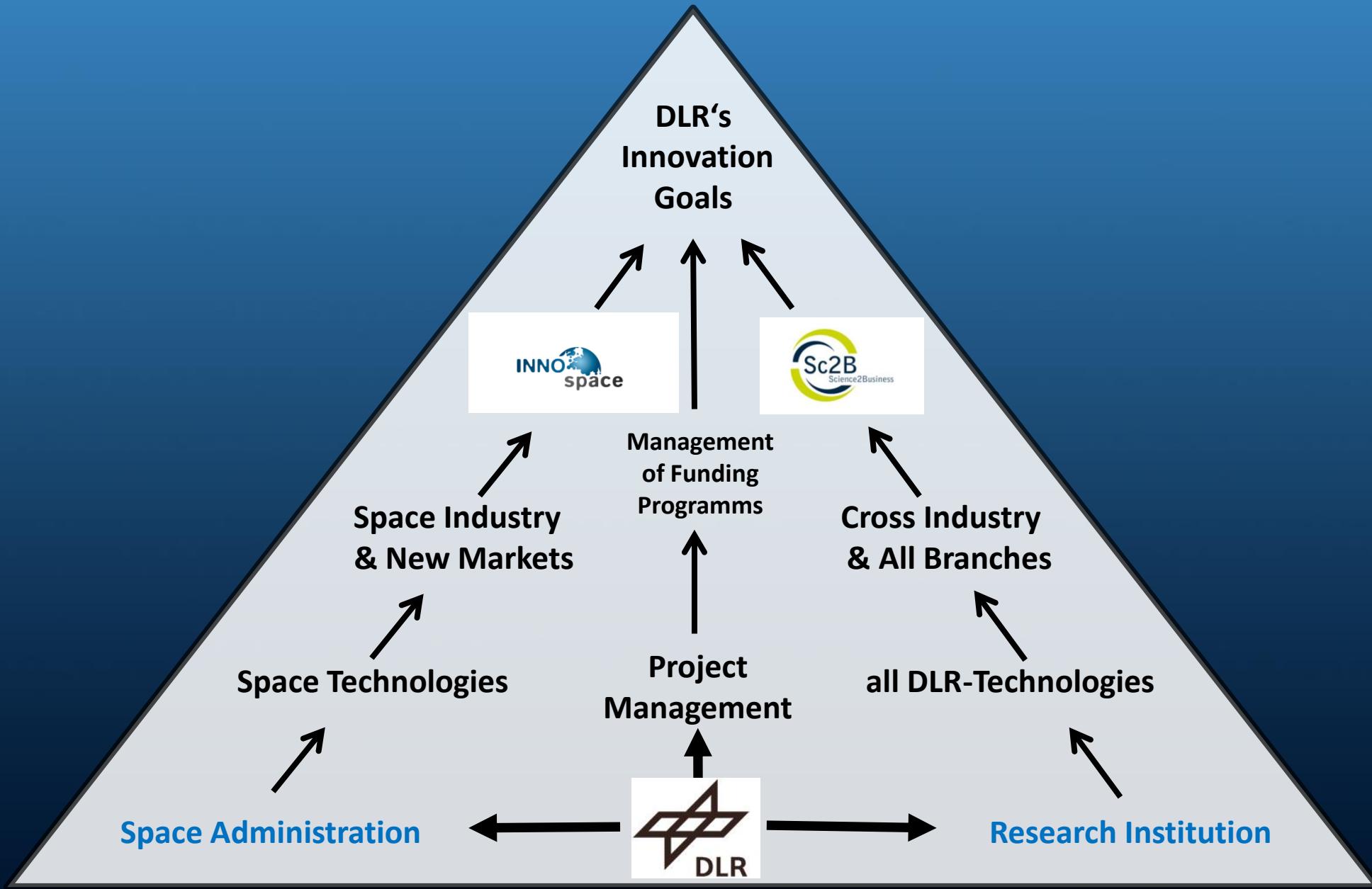
Space & Mobility

Global
Connectivity &
Cyber Security

Space & Industry 4.0



German Aerospace Center (DLR)



European Space Activities - ESA C-MIN 2016

- DE sichert Weiterbetrieb und Nutzung der ISS
- ExoMars 2020 voll finanziert



Exploration
14,0%

- Betriebsunterstützung für A5, Vega & CSG



Träger-
programme
15,6%

Navigation
0,7%

Telekommuni-
kation; 12,4%

- DE sichert optische Kommunikation (ScyLight) und Electra
- Industriepolitische Herausforderung durch starke UK-Zeichnung

**10,3 Billion €
Additional
Budget**

Technologie
4,3%
Space Safety
0,9%

PRODEX
1,7%

- Important Signal for European Cooperation
- German Contributions - Continuity in all Areas
- Maintaining & Strengthening Space Applications & Technology Programmes

Wissenschafts-
programm
25,4%

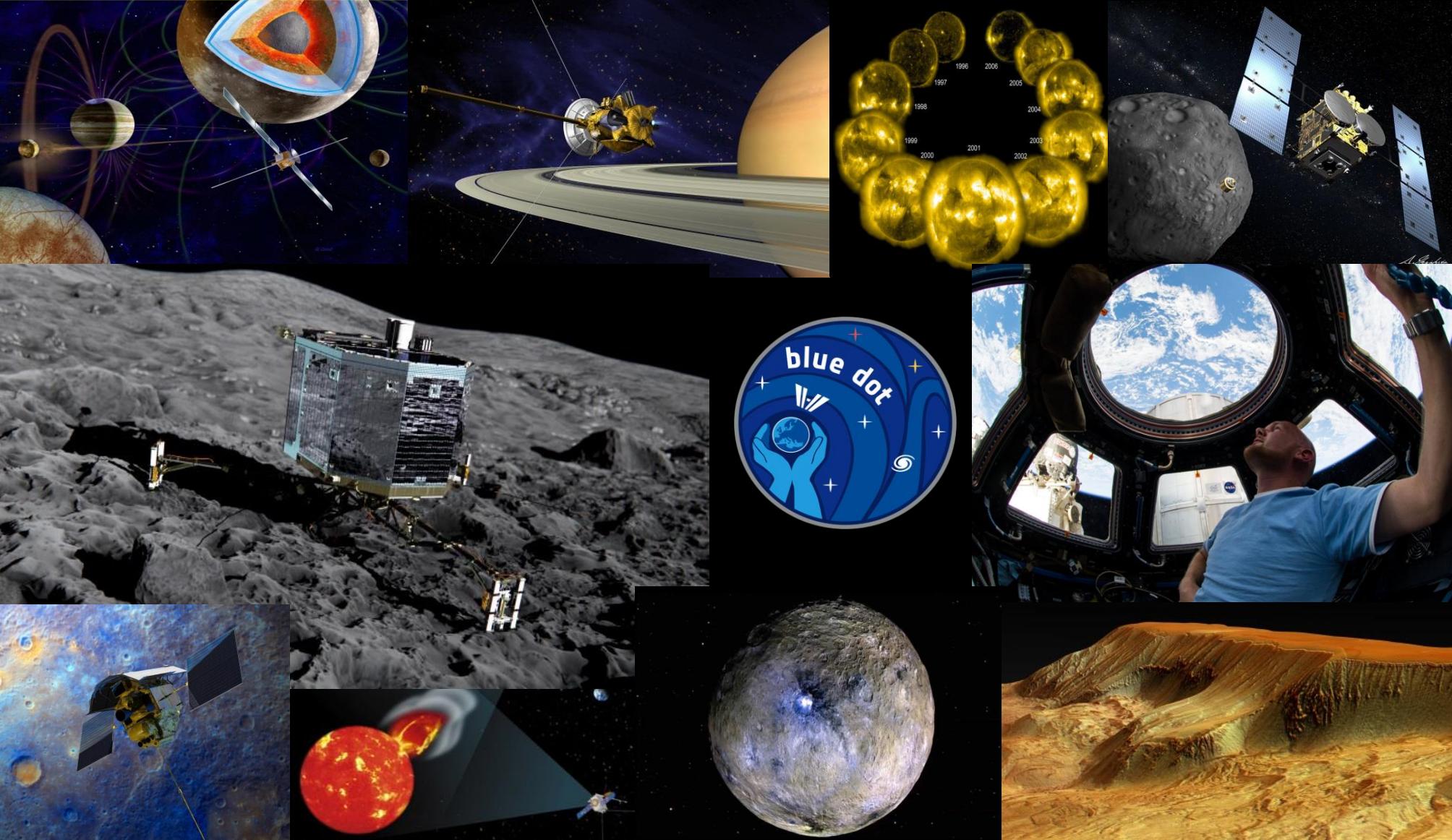
Basic
Activities
11,6%

Erdbeobachtung
13,3%



- EOEP-5 geführt von DE und UK
- Essenzielle Klimavariablen für Forschung und Politik



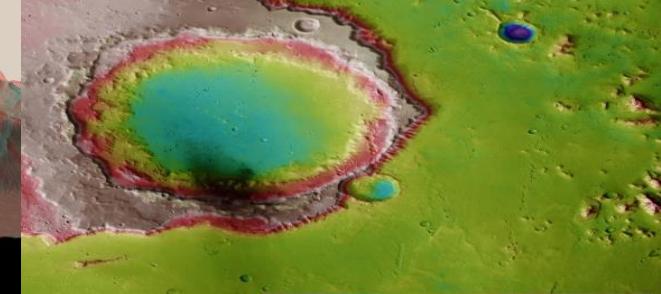
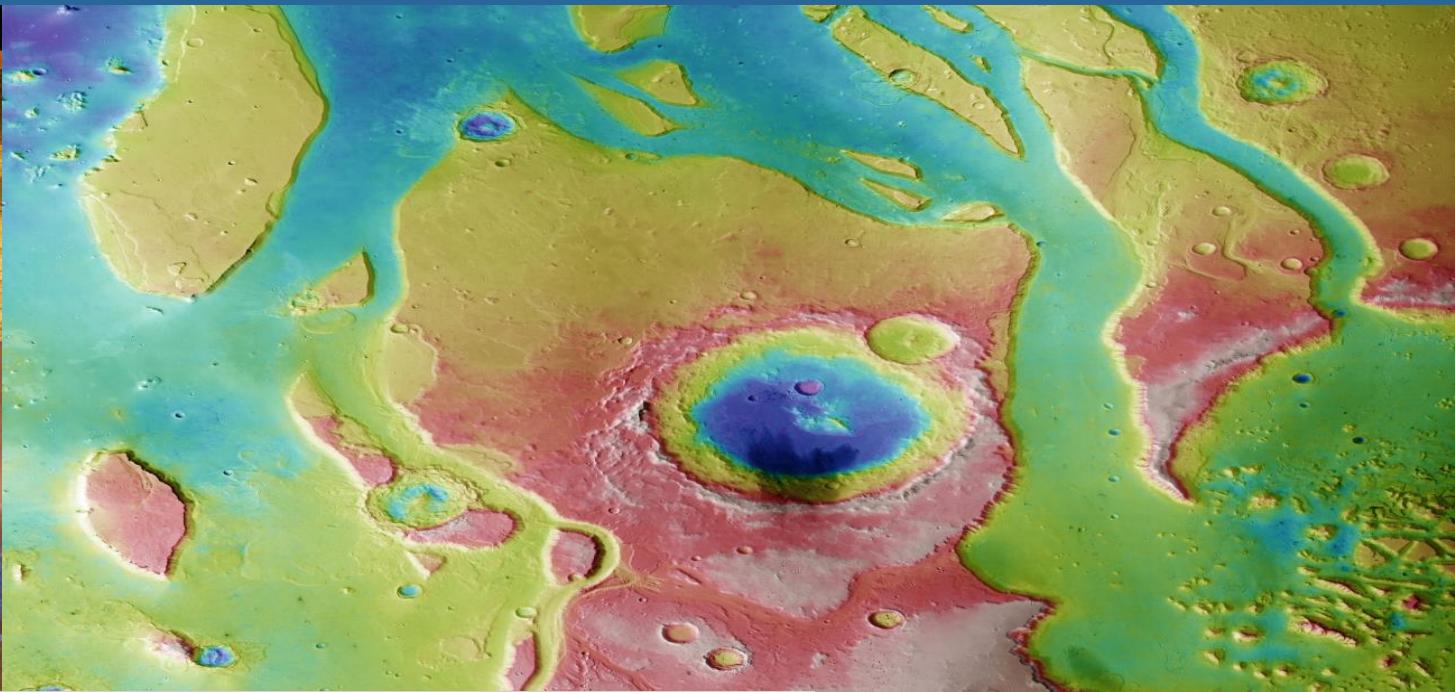
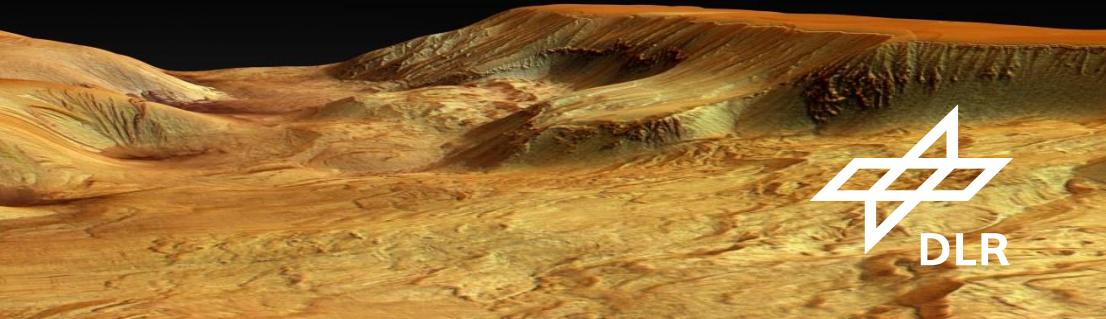


**DLR's active research programs on
the internal structure, formation and
evolution of planets, their moons,
asteroids and comets and the ISS**



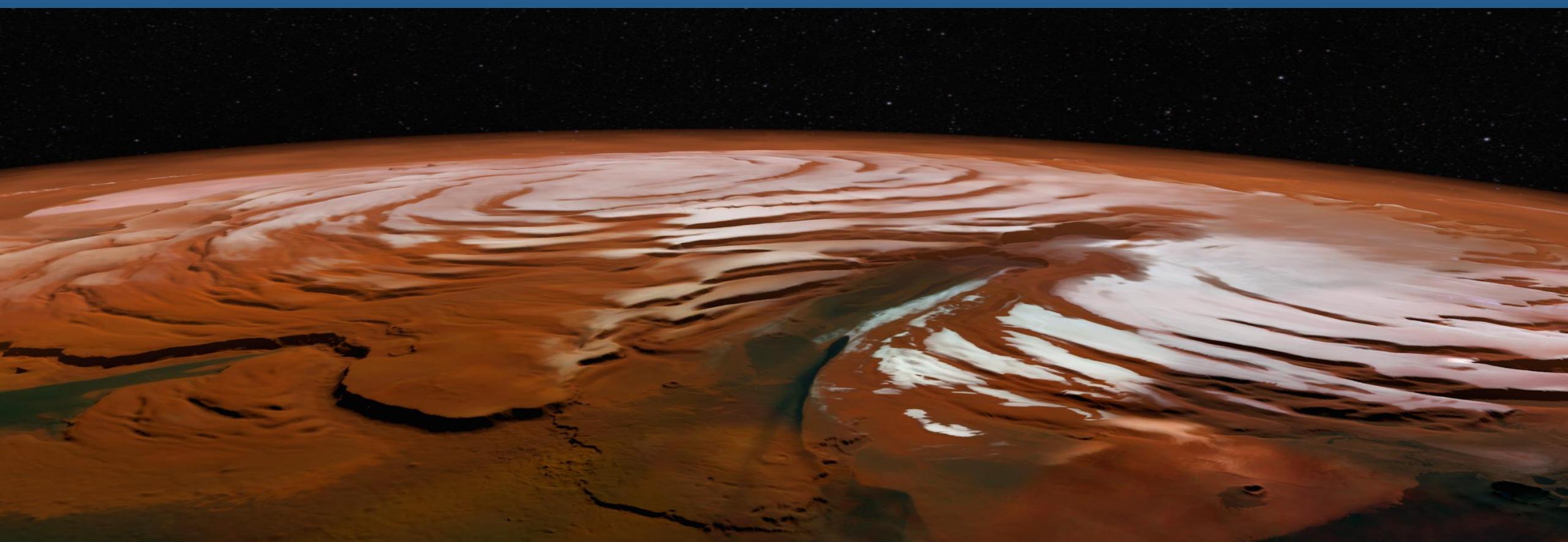
Mars Express

- Launch: 02.06.2003 - Arrival at Mars: 25.12.2003
- More than 98 % of the Martian surface has been mapped by the High Resolution Stereo Camera (HRSC) from DLR
- A large part of it are already covered by high resolution digital terrain models (DTMs)

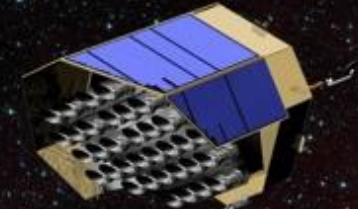


Chasma Boreale canyon – Mars North pole

Colour mosaic of Mars north polar cap - water and CO₂ ice – the dust deposited into the frozen CO₂ by Martian winds explains the spectacular colour changes. The large 'Chasma Boreale' canyon at the North Pole allows the investigation of the various layers of the ice cap and thus the study of Martian climate.



Space telescope PLATO 2.0 to search for a 'second Earth'



PLATO will observe the sky for at least six years from the second Lagrange point of the Earth-Sun system

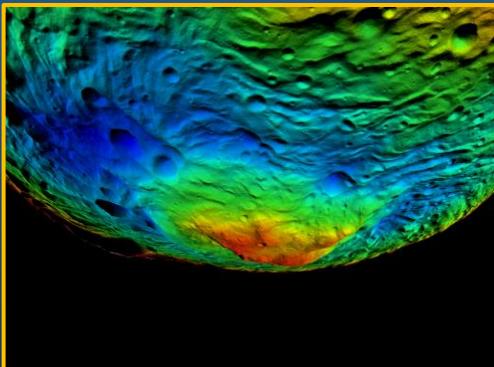
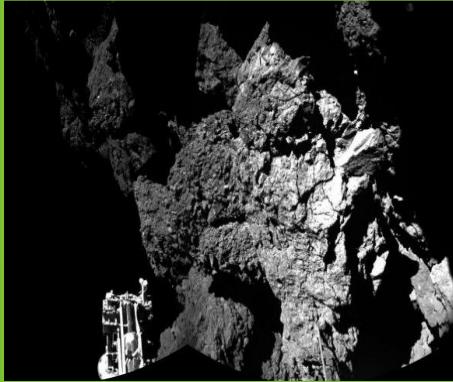
- PLATO will discover and characterise thousands of new planets around other stars
- PLATO will also measure the stars' seismic activity, and coupled with ground-based radial velocity measurements, planetary researchers will not only be able to identify the existence of planets outside of the Solar System, but also to determine the mass, radius and age of the host stars
- The mission will observe approximately one million stars

Small Bodies: Rosetta, DAWN and MASCOT



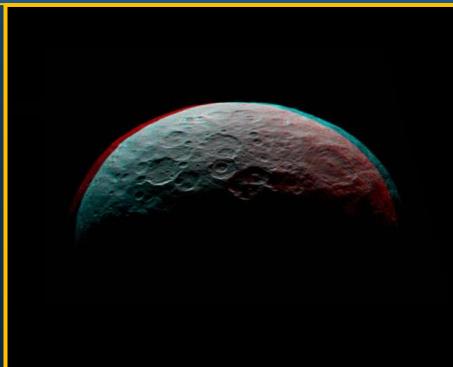
Rosetta (with Philae):

Already historic mission to comet 67P
Very high D/H-ratio of $5,3 \times 10^{-4}$ (unlike Earth)
Many new cometary molecules detected,
among them the amino acid Glycine, N₂
Volatile ices (O₂ and CO), high porosity (70%)



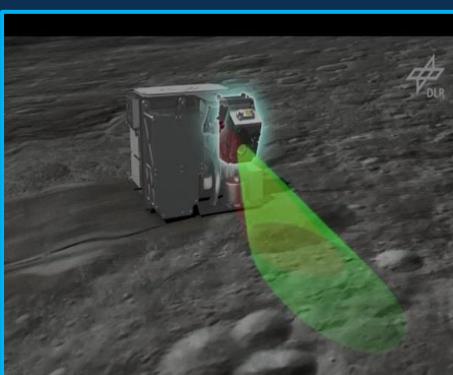
DAWN: NASA Mission to Main Belt: Vesta and Ceres

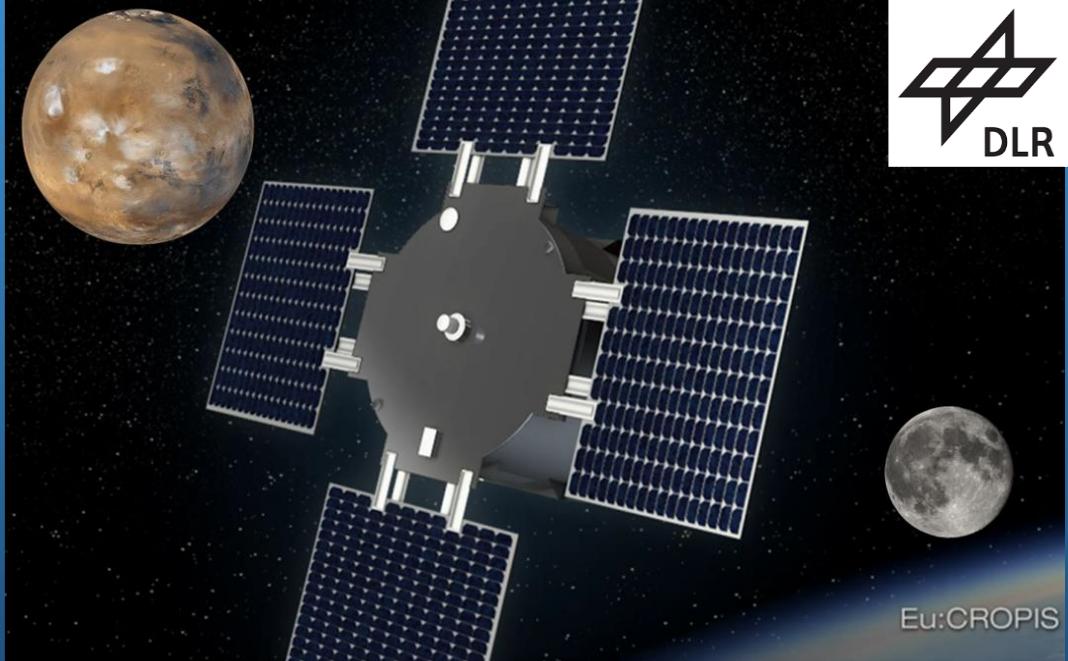
@Vesta 2011-2012, @Ceres since 2015
DLR Framing Camera System: visual mapping
of the surface, navigation
Investigates 2 proto planets: „dry“ Vesta and
„wet“ Ceres



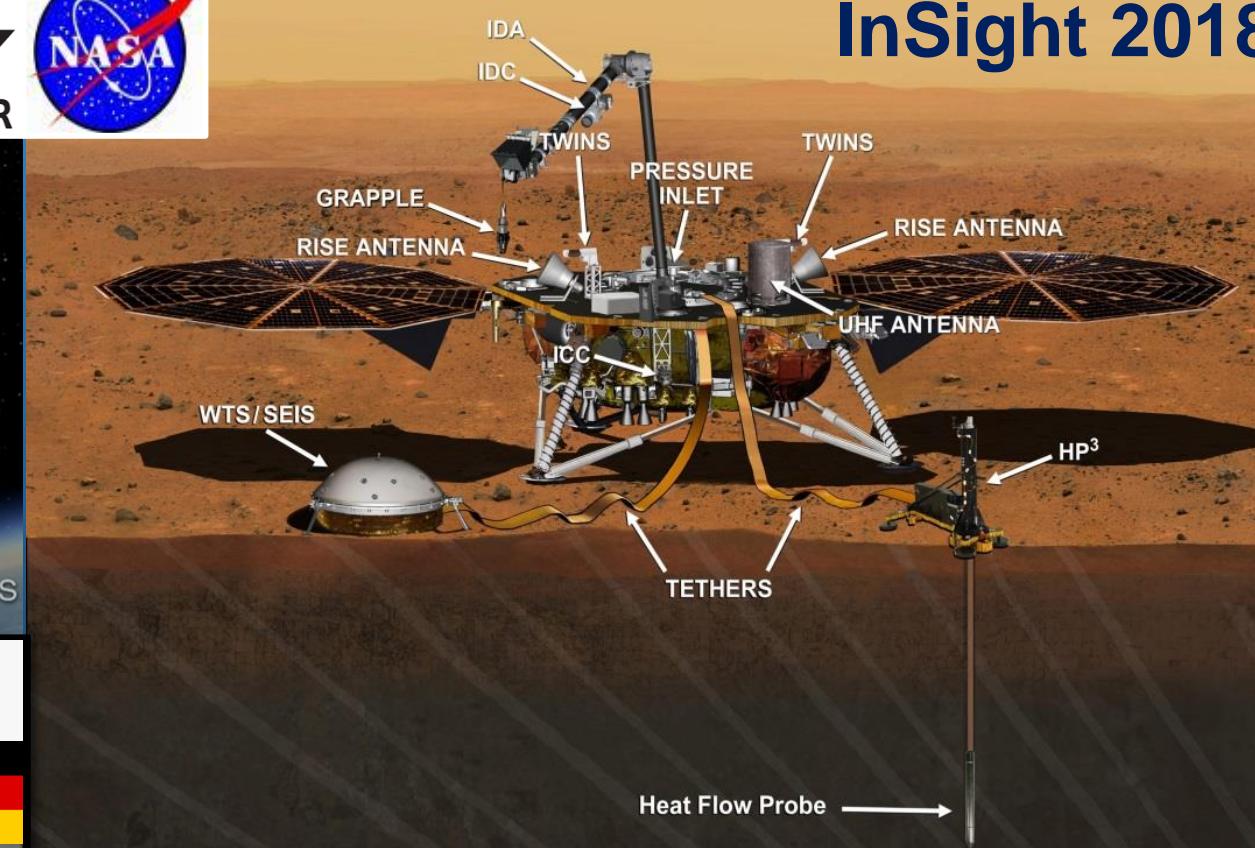
MASCOT on Hayabusa-II: JAXA Sample Return Mission

Target is asteroid Ryugu (NEO, C-Type, Arrival 2018)
MASCOT: 10kg in situ science mobile lander
with high P/L to mass ratio
carries a camera, radiometer, magnetometer
and IR imaging spectrometer





InSight 2018



Hayabusa-2



MASCOT

HP³ has a self-penetrating "mole" that burrows down to five meters below the surface

German Space Missions

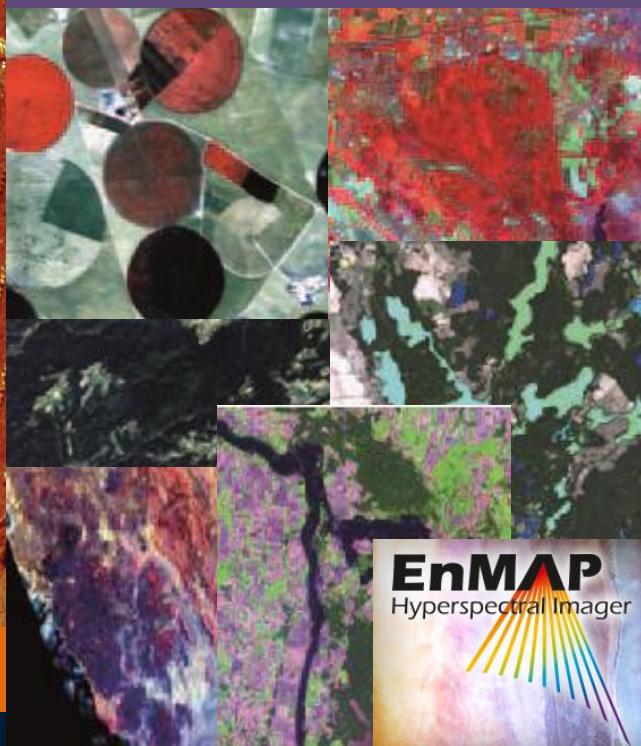
Contributions to Climate Change Research & Societal Needs

TerraSAR/TanDEM



Launched 2007/2010

EnMAP



Launch in 2020

MERLIN



Launch in 2022

METimage

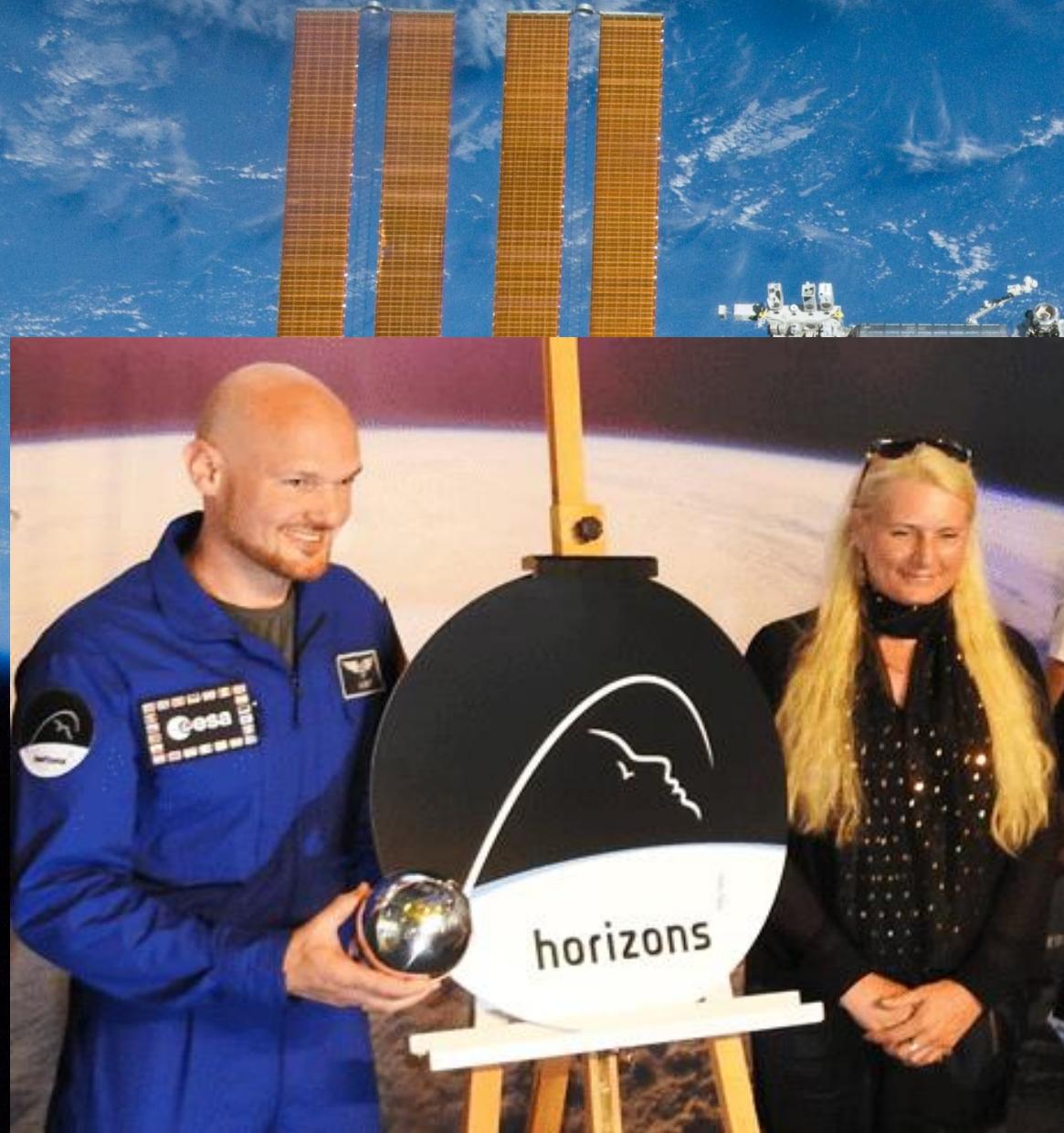


Launch in 2021

SOFIA

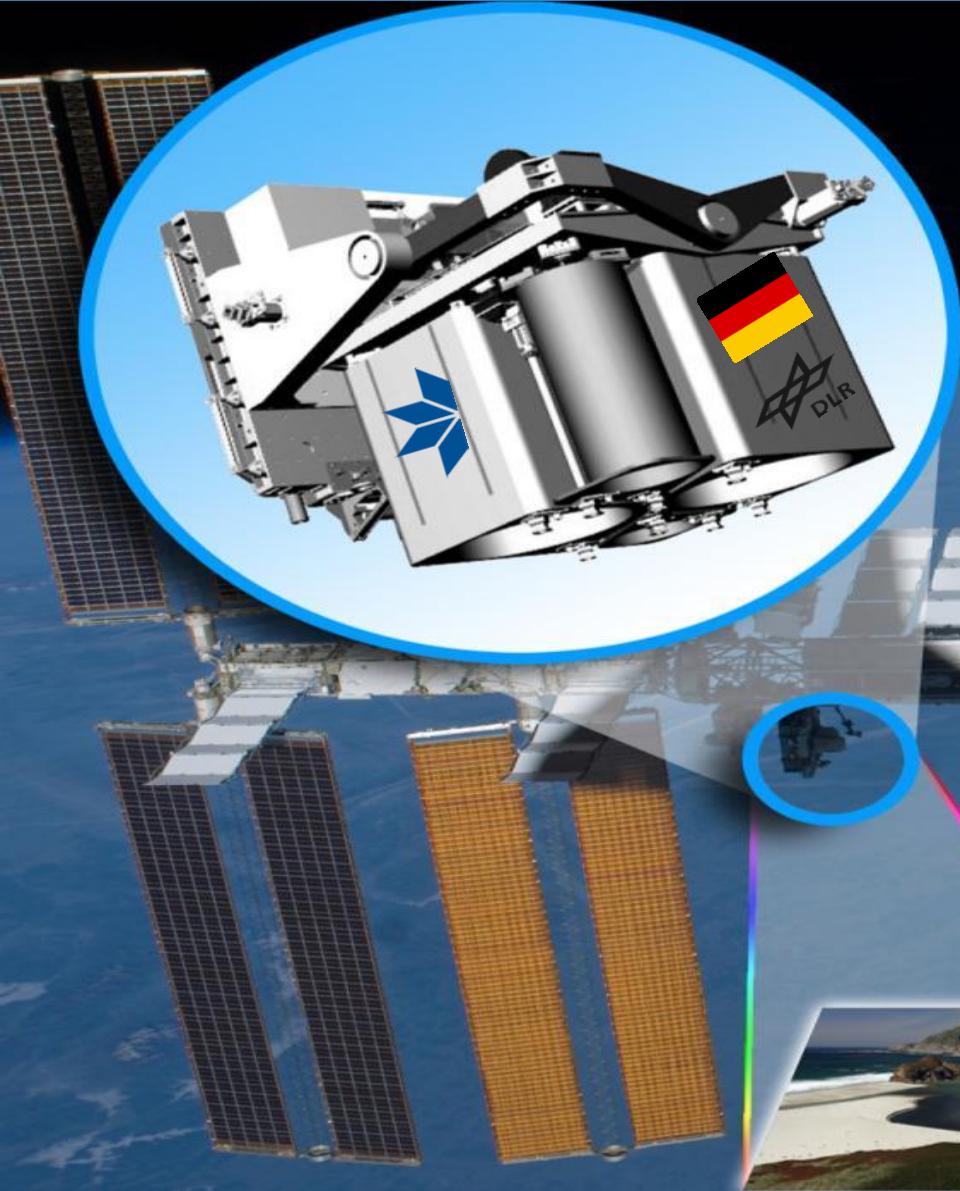
- GREAT (German Receiver at Terahertz Frequencies)
- FIFI-LS (Far Infrared Field Imaging Line Spectrometer)



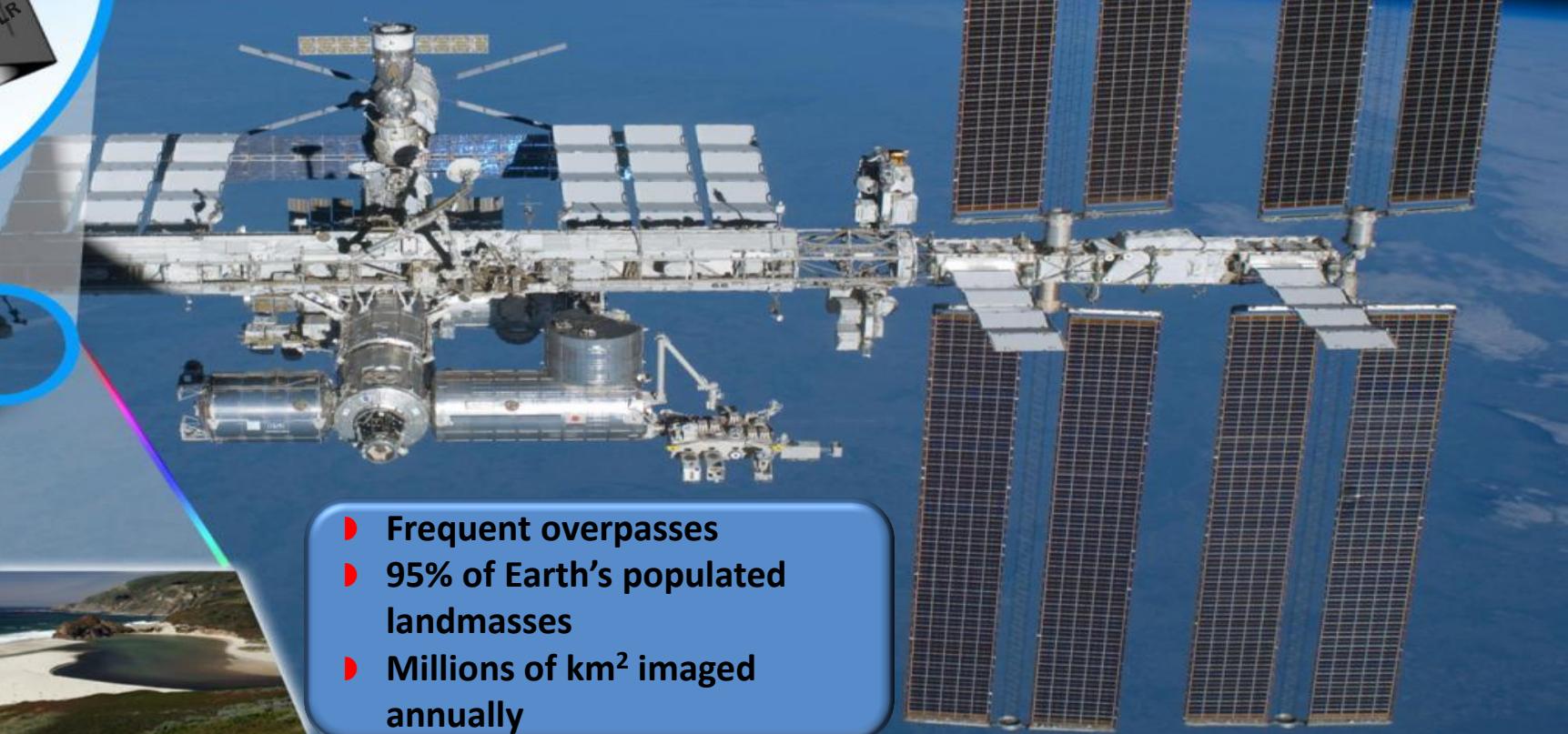


In June 2018, the Horizons mission will take Germany's ESA astronaut **Alexander Gerst** on his second 'research voyage' to the International Space Station ISS. 35 Experiments planned with a Focus on **Aerospace & Industry 4.0**

High-Resolution Earth Imaging from ISS



*Teledyne's MUSES system
precisely points high-resolution
earth imaging instruments from
the ISS.*



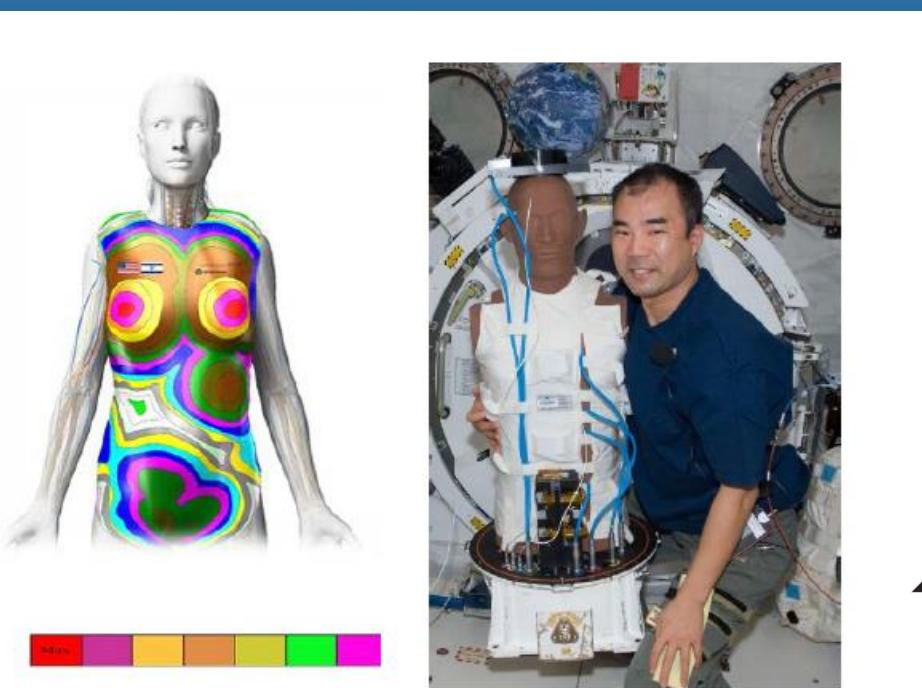
- ▶ Frequent overpasses
- ▶ 95% of Earth's populated landmasses
- ▶ Millions of km² imaged annually

Low Earth Orbit

- Microgravity research has a direct benefit for humans on Earth
- Germany has a very agile Microgravity Science Community, active in droptower experiments, parabolic flights, sounding rockets, and on Columbus
- To support that Community is an essential element of the German space programme

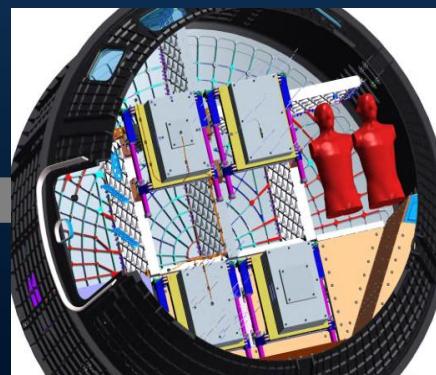


DLR / Lockheed Martin – NASA / ISA Radiation Protection from Space for Occupational Health

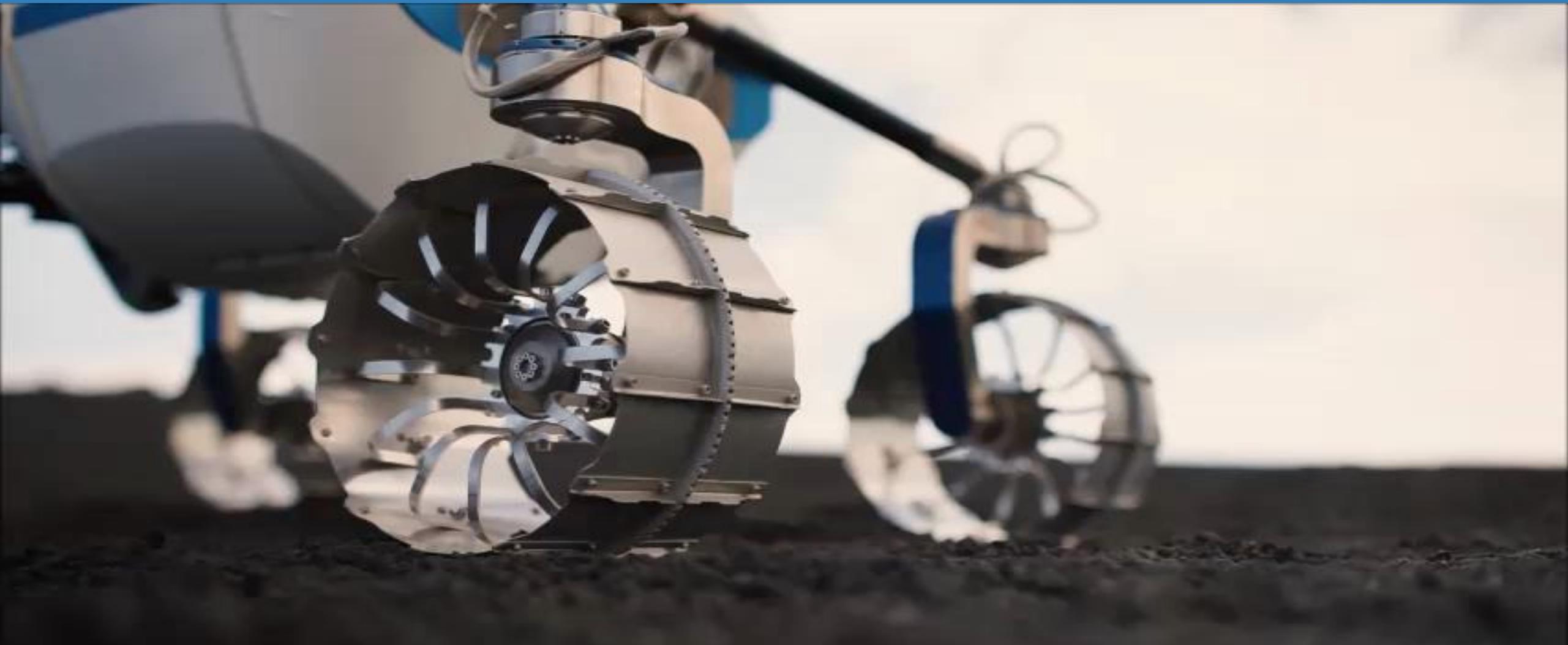


MATROSHKA2 Shield

on EM-1 ORION
around the moon



ROBEX Lunar Analog Experiment on Mt. Etna



Rover uses its camera eyes to scan the environment and to plan its route autonomously **x3**

Extended Galileo Operations by DLR

Continuing Galileo System Operation & Maintenance for the next 10 Years



Spaceopal GmbH, the joint venture of the DLR subsidiary DLR-GfR with Telespazio (I), has been awarded the contract for Galileo system operation and maintenance (Brussels, 15.12.2016)

The DLR Gesellschaft für Raumfahrtanwendungen mbH (DLR-GfR) operates the control center in Oberpfaffenhofen

→ Upgrading the Oberpfaffenhofen site as one of the leading GNSS centers worldwide by setting up a complete system platform

DLR's research policy objective

→ Expansion as a satellite navigation center for the strategic positioning of Germany for system competence and technology development as well as a link between research, industry and service



German Aerospace Center

Thank you!

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