

Jean-Claude WORMS Executive Director









CREATED AT THE DAWN OF THE SPACE AGE TO OFFER A NEUTRAL FORUM FOR SPACE SCIENTISTS WORLD-WIDE







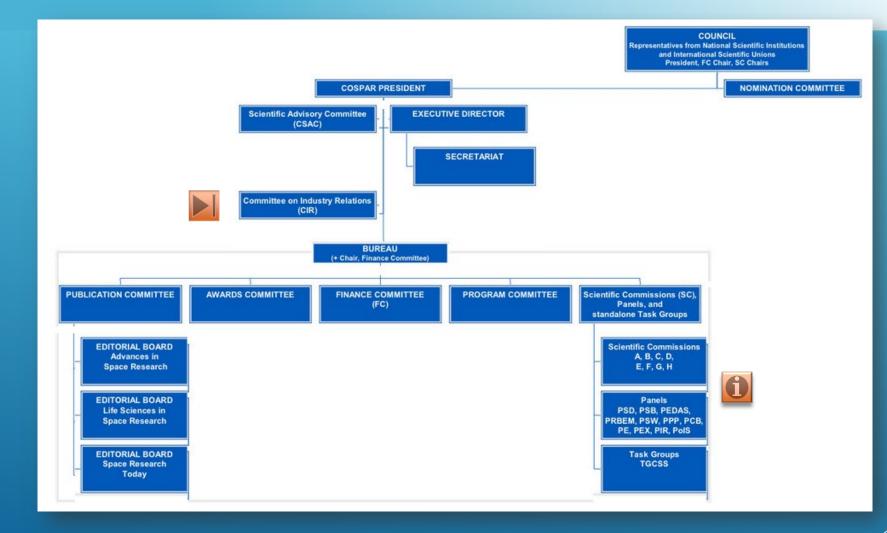
- The Bureau is composed of eight members, elected for 4 years (renewable once)
 - > Len Fisk (USA), President (second and final term)
 - > Karl Heinz Glassmeier (Germany) VP (first term)
 - Catherine Césarsky (France) (second term)
 - > Masaki Fujimoto (Japan)
 - Manuel Grande (UK)
 - Charles Kennel (USA)
 - Pietro Ubertini (Italy)
 - > Chi Wang (China)

BUREAU MEMBERS



GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE







SC	Topics covered	Chair
Α	Space Studies of the Earth's Surface, Meteorology and Climate	Ralph Kahn (USA)
В	Space Studies of the Earth-Moon System, Planets, and Small Bodies of the Solar System	Maria-Teresa Capria (Italy)
С	Space Studies of the Upper Atmospheres of the Earth and Planets Including Reference Atmosphere	Andrew Yau (Canada)
D	Space Plasmas in the Solar System, including Planetary Magnetospheres	Nicole Vilmer (France)
E	Research in Astrophysics from Space	Tomaso Bellini (Italy)
F	Life Sciences as Related to Space	Tom K. Hei (USA)
G	Materials Sciences in Space	Marc Avila (Germany)
Н	Fundamental Physics in Space	Claus Laemmerzahl (Germany)

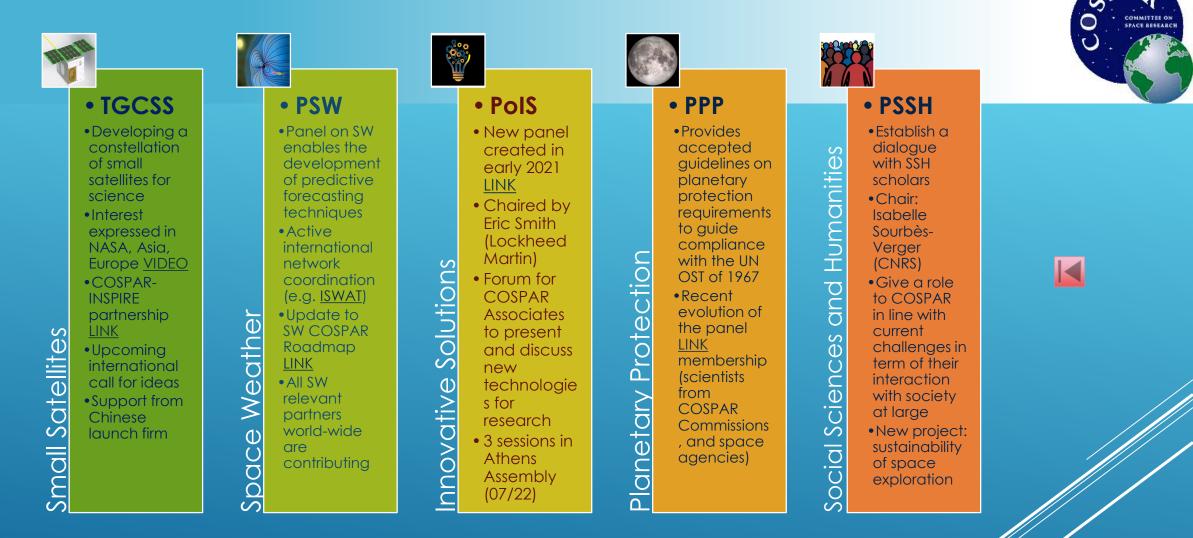
SCIENTIFIC COMMISSIONS

ESSC 62nd Plenary Meeting, 30 November – 1 December 2021

PANEL	Chair	SPAR
Technical Panel on Satellite Dynamics (PSD)	Heike PETER (Germany)	
Panel on Technical Problems related to Scientific Ballooning (PSB)	Tetsuya YOSHIDA (Japan)	
Panel on Potentially Detrimental Activities in Space (PEDAS)	Carolin FRUEH (USA)	
Panel on Radiation Belt Environement Modeling (PRBEM)	Paul O'BRIEN (USA)	
Panel on Space Weather (PSW) – hosting ISWAT	Maria KUZNETSOVA (USA)	
Panel on Planetary Protection (PPP)	Athena COUSTENIS (France)	
Panel on Capacity Building (PCB) sub-panel: Capacity Building Fellowship Program and Alumni (PCB-FA)	Carlos GABRIEL (Spain) Mariano Méndez (Netherlands)	
Panel on Education (PE)	Michel BOER (France)	
Panel on Exploration (PEX)	Frances WESTALL (France)	
Panel on Interstellar Research (PIR)	Ralph McNUTT (USA)	
Panel on Space and Social Sciences and Humanities (PSSH)	Isabelle SOURBES-VERGER (France)	
Panel on Innovative Solutions (PoIS)	Eric SMITH (USA)	
Task Group on establishing a Constellation of Small Satellites (TGCSS) Sub-group on Radiation Belt Sub-group on Atmosphere	Daniel BAKER (USA) Ji WU (China) Mohammed MEFTAH (France)	

ESSC 62nd Plenary Meeting, 30 November – 1 December 2021

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SOME PANEL ACTIVITY EXTRACTS



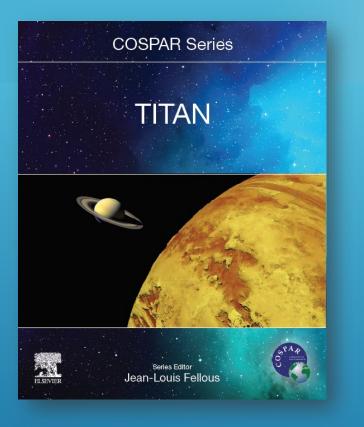
- Industry Partners
 - Lockheed Martin (2020)
 - Northrop Grumman (2020)
- New Committee on Industry Relations, directly advising the COSPAR President (Nelson Pedreiro – LM)
 - Airbus, Arianespace, BAE Systems Australia, Ball Aerospace, Blue Origin, Fleet Technologies, Korea Aerospace Industries, Northrup Grumman, Planet Labs, Raytheon/UTC, Rocket Lab, Thales Alenia Space, Virgin Galactic and Lockheed Martin (growing from 8 to 14 since last ESSC plenary)
 - > 4 meetings so far and a strategic plan with 22 actions
- Conflict of Interest procedure included in COSPAR Bylaws, to apply to industry relations as well

INDUSTRY CONNECTIONS



COSPAR PUBLICATIONS

ESSC 62nd Plenary Meeting, 30 November – 1 December 2021



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COSPAR Series





11



MARS



Series Editor Jean-Louis Fellous



NEW BOOK SERIES

ESSC 62nd Plenary Meeting, 30 November – 1 December 2021

 Athens will host the 44th COSPAR
Assembly in July 2022
for the first time ever

>www.cosparassembly.org



44TH COSPAR ASSEMBLY (2022)

Local Organizing Committee

Chair : Prof. Amal Chandran, NTU, Singapore, Prof. Edwin Teo, NTU, Singapore Prof. Charles Elachi, Caltech/NTU, USA/Singapore Mr. Lim Wee Seng, NTU, Singapore Prof. Daniel Hastings, MIT, Mr. Jonathan Hung, SSTA, Singapore Ms. Lynette Tan, SSTA, Singapore Prof. Alexander Ling, NUS, Singapore Prof. Daniel Baker, UCB, USA Prof. Loren Chang, NCU, Taiwan Ms. Li Xin Leo, STB, Singapore







South Korea will host the 45th Scientific Assembly in Busan

Hope to see you in the 45th Scientific Assembly of COSPAR, Busan, Korea!

45TH COSPAR ASSEMBLY (2024)

ESSC 62nd Plenary Meeting, 30 November – 1 December 2021

- Increase Assembly value and attractiveness
- Extend partnerships with other organizations (ISC, GEO, UN, IAU, ESF, etc.)
- More constraining roadmaps (International Cooperation, Space Weather, Small Satellites, etc.) that influence space agencies and challenge them to better use COSPAR
- Strengthening joint activities of COSPAR and UNOOSA (PP, debris, SW, sustainable space exploration)
- Improving COSPAR Support to Developing Space Programs (Capacity Building Workshops, support to early-career scientists)
- Associated Supporter program reconstituted to encourage engagement with global space industry
- Improving Communication (COSPAR News, social media, Book series) and Journals
- ▷ Diversity, Equality and Inclusion (DEI) policy → COSPAR Compliance Officer

STRATEGIC PLAN 2019-2023



- Planetary Protection
 - Critical issue today, with involvement of new industrial actors
 - NASA's Gateway initiative and Artemis Accords led us to reconsider Category 2 for the Moon, which was done in June 2021
 - Several policy updates in past few years
 - > Ongoing discussion to potentially update guidelines for Venus (done) and Mars
- Space debris and light pollution from constellations
 - Issues bound to increase in magnitude with New Space
 - Science community's reponse (IAU, etc.)
- Sustainability of space exploration (and resource exploitation?)
 - Mars is a free planet »
 - > Can COSPAR do something alongside its PPP activities, what and how?
 - New interdisciplinary discussion between several COSPAR panels (PPP, PEX, PEDAS), led by PSSH

ISSUES THAT ARE BECOMING CRITICAL WITH 'NEW SPACE'



- > TGCSS Establishing a Constellation of Small Satellites
 - stems from COSPAR Strategic Plan
 - ▶ is working since 1.5 year
 - Now has 3 sub-groups: ionosphere, radiation belt, and atmospheric remote sensing
- TGIGSP Establishing an International Geospace Systems Program
 - Has just started its work, chaired by Larry Kepko (USA)
 - Coordinated effort to define science objectives to study the Earth's magnetosphere as a 'System of Systems'
 - Builds on ISTP, feeds into all agencies future programs, and US upcoming Decadal
 - Product will be a COSPAR roadmap

TASK GROUPS





- COSPAR ex officio in ESSC since over 20 years, reciprocated in 2009 by then President Roger Bonnet
- Strong ties and some joint project/proposals, e.g. PPOSS
- ESSC survey: establishing channels with COSPAR is considered by some members a Top-3 success for ESSC, also questioning how to better coordinate and influence each other's strategy and initiatives, reiterated yesterday by Chris in his introduction
- 'Work more with COSPAR' is one of the 'O' in the SWOT analysis that was conducted by the ESSC Secretariat in 2020
- 2 or 3 volumes in new COSPAR Book Series to be jointly published with ESSC-ESF-LPSP on '20 Years of ISS'

ESSC AND COSPAR



THANK YOU VERY MUCH







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Committee on Space Research



BACKUP SLIDES

ESSC 61st Plenary Meeting, 26-28 May 2021

Planetary protection categories

The different planetary protection categories (I-V) reflect the level of interest and concern that contamination can compromise future investigations or the safety of the Earth; the categories and associated requirements depend on the target body and mission type combinations

<u>Category I:</u> All types of mission to a target body which is not of direct interest for understanding the process of chemical evolution or the origin of life

Category II: All types of missions (gravity assist, orbiter, lander) to a target body where there is significant interest relative to the process of chemical evolution and the origin of life, but where there is only a remote¹ chance that contamination carried by a spacecraft could compromise future investigations

<u>Category III:</u> Flyby (i.e. gravity assist) and orbiter missions to a target body of chemical evolution and/or origin of life interest and for which scientific opinion provides a significant² chance of contamination which could compromise future investigations

Category IV: Lander (and potentially orbiter) missions to a target body of chemical evolution and/or origin of life interest and for which scientific opinion provides a significant² chance of contamination which could compromise future investigations. 3 subcategories exist (IVa,b,c) depending on instruments, science investigations, special regions etc.

<u>Category V</u>: Two subcategories exist - unrestricted Earth return for solar system bodies deemed by scientific opinion to have no indigenous life forms, and restricted Earth return for all others

¹Implies the absence of environments where terrestrial organisms could survive and replicate, or a very low likelihood of transfer to environments where terrestrial organisms could survive and replicate

²Implies the presence of environments where terrestrial organisms could survive and replicate, and some likelihood of transfer to those places by a plausible mechanism





- Category IIa all missions to the surface of the Moon whose nominal mission profile does not access areas defined in Category IIb: material inventory limited to organic products that may be released into the lunar environment by the propulsion system
- Category IIb all missions to the surface of the Moon whose nominal mission profile accesses Permanently Shadowed Regions and the lunar poles, in particular latitudes south of 79°S and north of 86°N: full organic inventory (solid and volatiles)

NEW SUB-CATEGORIES FOR THE MOON SURFACE



Planetary Protection Policy, Research Outreach, 2020	<u>Link</u>
Keeping our world pristine, YouTube video, 2021	<u>Link</u>
To boldly go where no germs Open Access Government, 2021	<u>Link</u>
Fly me to the moon, Open Access Government, 2021	<u>Link</u>

A FEW PPP-RELATED MEDIA LINKS...